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## PROPORTION OF AGED PERSONS RECEIVING OASDI BENEFITS AND PROPORTION RECEIVING OAA PAYMENTS, BY STATE, JUNE 1963

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At the end of June 1963, there were 12.7 million Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance beneficiaries aged 65 or over living in the 50 States, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa, representing 719 of every 1,000 persons in that age group. This was an increase of almost 5% over the beneficiary rate for June 1962 of 687 per 1,000 population aged 65 and over. The beneficiary rate has increased rapidly since 1949, when only 160 of each 1,000 persons aged 65 or over were beneficiaries. The growth in the number of beneficiaries during this period resulted partly from the maturing of the program and partly from provisions in the amendments that broadened coverage under the program, eased requirements for fully-insured status, and liberalized the retirement test.

In June 1963, among the 50 States and the District of Columbia, the beneficiary rates ranged from 807 in Rhode Island to 547 in the District of Columbia. In 15 States, three-fourths or more of all persons aged 65 or over were receiving OASDI monthly benefits; the proportion ranged from two-thirds to three-fourths in 24

States and from one-half to two-thirds in the remaining States.

In general, beneficiary rates were highest in the Northeastern States and in certain North Central States and lowest in certain Southern and Western States. All 9 of the Northeastern States were among the 17 States with the highest rates, while 12 of the 17 States with the lowest rates were in the South.

For the Nation as a whole, the proportion of persons aged 65 or over receiving Old-Age Assistance payments amounted to 124 per 1,000 aged population at the end of June 1963, a decline of 3% as against June 1962. Since 1949, this proportion has declined about 45%. The proportions of the aged population receiving OAA payments as of June 1963 ranged from 500 per 1,000 in Louisiana to 28 per 1,000 in Delaware. In general, the proportions were highest in the Southern States and lowest in the Northeastern States; 7 of the 10 States with the highest rates were in the South, while 4 of the 10 States with the lowest rates were in the Northeast.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Only data for beneficiaries in the 50 States and the District of Columbia are included in State comparisons.

Number of persons 1/ aged 65 or over receiving old-age, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI) benefits and number receiving old-age assistance (OAA) payments per 1,000 persons aged 65 or over, 2/ by State, at end of June 1963

	Rate for	Rate for		Rate for	Rate for
State 3/	OASDI Beneficiaries	OAA Recipients 4/	State 3/	OASDI Beneficiaries	OAA Recipients 4/
Total <u>5</u> /	719	124			
Rhode Island Michigan New Hampshire Wisconsin Indiana	807 797 784 782 781	65 75 65 72 52	Kentucky Nevada California Maryland Missouri	705 703 698 698 696	177 128 175 39 205
Connecticut Oregon Maine Vermont New Jersey	778 775 774 773 772	34 76 102 124 30	Virginia Florida Arizona Tennessee Colorado	696 688 679 674 660	144 106 124 148 276
North Dakota Pennsylvania Delaware New York Idaho	764 762 759 755 750	97 41 28 32 84	South Carolina Arkansas Texas Alabama Mississippi	658 657 635 635 632	166 281 279 383 387
Montana Massachusetts West Virginia Washington	747 746 744 743 742	87 96 87 118 91	New MexicoOklahomaGeorgiaAlaskaIouisiana.	621 617 611 599 561	188 319 297 230 500
Iowa Illinois South Dakota Hawaii North Carolina	737 735 729 728 726	90 61 102 35 132	Puerto Rico Dist. of Columbia. Virgin Islands	556 547 500	241 35 246
Nebraska Minnesota Kansas Utah Wyoming.	724 717 713 713 706	76 116 100 84 94			

Persons receiving both OASDI benefits and OAA payments are included under both programs in the rate computations.

<sup>2/</sup> Preliminary estimate of the population aged 65 or over as of June 30, 1963, prepared by the Social Security Administration.

<sup>3/</sup> Ranked by OASDI beneficiary rate.

The number of OAA recipients per 1,000 population aged 65 or over, by State, may differ slightly from previously published figures due to the use of more recent population estimates.

Includes the 50 States, District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands and for OASDI confidence Samoa.